

The following list contains the classification decisions (other than those subject to a reservation) taken by the Harmonized System Committee (**45th Session – March 2010**) on specific products, together with their related Harmonized System code numbers and, in certain cases, the classification rationale.

Advice

Parties seeking to import or export merchandise covered by a decision are advised to verify the implementation of the decision by the importing or exporting country, as the case may be.

No	Product description	Classification	HS codes considered	Classification rationale
1.	“Follow-up Formula” in the form of a powder, consisting of demineralised whey powder, skimmed milk, vegetable oil blend, lactose, galacto-oligosaccharide syrup, whey protein concentrate, fish oil, vitamins, minerals and food additives, put up for retail sale, in a container with a net content of 700 g. The product is intended to be consumed, after mixing with water, by infants from 6 months on and young children.	1901.10	1901.10 and 1901.90	GIRs 1 and 6
2.	“Follow-up Formula” in the form of a powder, consisting of skimmed milk, maltodextrin, milk fat, galacto-oligosaccharide powder, sucrose, demineralised whey powder, corn oil, whey protein concentrate, fish oil, vitamins, minerals and food additives, put up for retail sale, in a container with a net content of 900 g. The product is intended to be consumed, after mixing with water, by young children (from 1 to 3 years), but is also suitable for infants from 6 months on.	1901.10	1901.10 and 1901.90	GIRs 1 and 6

No	Product description	Classification	HS codes considered	Classification rationale
3.	Product consisting of 50 %, by weight, of kerosene and 50 %, by weight, of paraffin (C9 – C15 saturated hydrocarbons) derived from vegetable oils such as camelina (a plant of family <i>Brassicaceae</i>). The paraffin is obtained from deoxidized vegetable oils by hydrogenation. This blend is a liquid of pale yellow to light brown colour. This product is used as a fuel for jet engines. Less than 90 % by volume of the product at issue distilled at 210 °C (ASTM D 86 method).	2710.19		GIRs 1 (Note 2 to Chapter 27) and 6
4.	Sertraline.	2921.49		
5.	Ferric carboxymaltose.	2940.00		
6.	Alvespimycin.	2941.90		
7.	Certain INN products. (See “INN List 98” at the end of this publication)	Chapter 29		
8.	Certain INN products. (See “INN List 99” at the end of this publication)	Chapters 29 and 30		
9.	Certain INN products. (See “INN List 100” at the end of this publication)	Chapters 29 and 30		
10.	Re-classification of certain INN products similar to “semuloparin sodium” (INN List 99) (See “Review of the classification of certain INN products having the stem “- <i>parin</i> ” in their names” at the end of this publication)	3001.90		

No	Product description	Classification	HS codes considered	Classification rationale
11.	Product presented as an opaque viscous scented liquid in different colors with a density of 0.98 gr/cc and a pH 2-4. It contains : water (95 %), quaternary surfactant agent – cationic softener (ammonium triethanol dialkyl ester methosulfate, acrylamide polymer and ammonium acrylate) (4 %), fragrance (0.135 %), mineral oil (0.3 %), polymer (0.1 %), trialkyl amin phosphonic acid (adjuvant) (0.1 %), lactic acid (reinforcing) (0.06 %) and colorants (0.005 %). This product is displayed in different forms conditioned for retail sale such as flasks (from 75 ml to 5 liters), laminated sachets, laminated doypacks, etc. The product is used to prevent static cling and make clothes softer, giving them a great feel and a long-lasting freshness. It is added to the load of laundry automatically on the final rinse.	3809.91	34.02 and 38.09	GIRs 1 and 6
12.	Plastic article in the shape of an egg containing two toy rings and a sealed packet of candy. The article is approximately 55 mm in length by 40 mm in diameter. It consists of two separable halves which fit snugly together at the edges, forming a container in which there are two toy rings of plastics with decoration, and a sealed plastic bag containing tiny drops of candy (review of Classification Opinion 9503.00/8)	9503.00		GIRs 1 (Note 4 to Chapter 95) and 6

CLASSIFICATION OF INN PRODUCTS (INN LIST 98)

INN	Classification
berubicin	2941.90

INN	Classification
conestat alfa	2934.99
flopristin	2941.90
linopristin	2941.90

CLASSIFICATION OF INN PRODUCTS (INN LIST 99)

INN	Classification
bederocin	2934.99
citatumumab bogatox	3002.10
darotropium bromide	2939.99
larazotide	2933.99
sivifene	2928.00
taspoglutide	2937.19
tildipirosin	2941.90

CLASSIFICATION OF INN PRODUCTS (INN LIST 100)

INN	Classification
afamelanotide	2937.19
fidaxomicin	2941.90
lotilibcin	2941.90
macimorelin	2937.40
oportuzumab monatox	3002.10

INN	Classification
taberminogene vadenovec	3002.90

REVIEW OF THE CLASSIFICATION OF CERTAIN INN PRODUCTS HAVING THE STEM
“-PARIN” IN THEIR NAMES

INN (Proposed WHO INN List)	Reviewed classification
deligoparin sodium (89)	3001.90
livaraparin calcium (85)	3001.90
bemiparin sodium (75)	3001.90
minolteparin sodium (73)	3001.90
certoparin sodium (70)	3001.90
ardeparin sodium (68)	3001.90
nadroparin calcium (65)	3001.90
tinzaparin sodium (65)	3001.90
parnaparin sodium (64)	3001.90
reviparin sodium (64)	3001.90
dalteparin sodium (64)	3001.90
enoxaparin (52; modified as “enoxaparin sodium” in the Proposed INN List 65)	3001.90